

Brain & Spine Institute CNRS-UMR 7225 Hôpital de la Pitié-Salpêtrière, Paris, France.





Brain networks: new trends for the analysis of brain dynamics

Mario Chavez

Jussieu, 2011

Different networks-common connectivity





Transport networks (internet, subways, roads, aeroports, ...)

Social networks

Social interactions between individuals (humans, political parties, foootball teams, dolphins, ...)

> Acquaintances among drug-users with HIV



Biological complex networks





Metabolic networks (food webs, proteins, ...)

Can function be shaped by connectivity?



Metabolic network of E. Coli

Guimera, Nature 2005

Is the network's theory a new discipline?



Happiness is having happy friends

RESEARCH

journal's IF=14

Dynamic spread of happiness in a large social network: longitudinal analysis over 20 years in the Framingham Heart Study

James H Fowler, associate professor,1 Nicholas A Christakis, professor2

Happiness is having happy friends

Can obesity be contagious ?

Alter Type

Ego-perceived friend Mutual friend Alter-perceived friend Same-sex friend Opposite-sex friend Spouse Sibling Same-sex sibling Opposite-sex sibling Immediate neighbor

Brain connectivity – Networks

Relevance for neural dynamics

Synchrony may be enhanced by adding random shortcuts

Le van Quyen et al.

Relevance for neural dynamics

Small world property facilitates the transfer of information.

Huerta, PRL 2000

Sensitivity of excitable systems

Sensitivity is optimal at a critical propagation

Sensitivity of real brain networks

Basic principles for the construction

EEG/MEF/fMRI signals (coherence, synchrony, ...)

Connectivity network

Brain networks underlying seizures

Interictal dynamics

Pre-ictal evolution

Seizure dynamics

A correlation decrease in the band 10-20 Hz
 >>30 min before seizure
 Le van Quyen et al.

Brain connectivity and dynamics

Time evolution of brain connectivity during a cognitive task

At a finer spatial scale

fMRI: hemo-dynamic activity

Stationary signals over long periods of time (10 min) from 6 subjects
Resting state activity, "stimulus-independent"
Networks with N>20 000 nodes (voxels)

Scale free distribution of connections

Similar to results of Chialvo et al. PRL 2004

Functional brain networks

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Example: EEG signals of epileptic patients

Ponten et al. (2007) Clin Neurophysiol **118**:918.

Brain connectivity in Alzheimer

Alzheimer patients

Stam et al., HBM

Connectivity from MEG signals

Magnetoencephalographic (MEG) activities of epileptic patients (5) and healthy subjects (5)

resting state

absence seizure

Topological features of brain webs

Degree: number of connections

Clustering index: cliqueness of local neighborhood

Efficiency: topological measure of information flow

Brain connectivity: specialization & integration

Specialization: brain regions with specific structure and function

 Integration: interactions between specialized processors

Anatomical brain modularity

Macaque's cortex structure

Adapted from van Essen

Detection of modules: random walks on graphs

Functional brain modularity

Good correspondence (>75%) with current "a priori" atlas

Hierarchical Organization of Modularity in Metabolic Networks

E. Ravasz,¹ A. L. Somera,² D. A. Mongru,² Z. N. Oltvai,²* A.-L. Barabási¹*

Hierarchy implies a power law of the clustering index vs degree

No hierarchy at this scale

Robust against failures of nodes

Hierarchical organization of modules

Very sensitive to small perturbations

Difficult to define distances between nodes Classical distances/ divergences can be used between nodes

Functional organization of MEG signals

Chavez et al., PRL 2010

 Stationary signals over long periods of time (>10 min) from 5 control subjects and 5 patients
 Resting state activity.

What about other data

EEG: multiple sclerosis

Chavez et al., in preparation

Stationary signals over long periods of time (5 min) from 5 control subjects and 5 patients
 Resting state activity.

Time varying modules

MEG signals during a cognitive (memory) task

Challenge I: Fusion of networks

fMRI

Thank you !!

Main collaborators

Jacques Martinerie (head of the group),
Claude Adam (MD),
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Are you interested?

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& EPILEPSIAE-FP7

Time for marketing 🙂

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PHYSICS REPORTS

Physics Reports 424 (2006) 175-308

www.elsevier.com/locate/physrep

Complex networks: Structure and dynamics

S. Boccaletti^{a,*}, V. Latora^{b, c}, Y. Moreno^{d, e}, M. Chavez^f, D.-U. Hwang^a

PRL 94, 218701 (2005)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending 3 JUNE 2005

Synchronization is Enhanced in Weighted Complex Networks

M. Chavez, 1,2 D.-U. Hwang, 1 A. Amann, 1,3 H. G.E. Hentschel, 4 and S. Boccaletti 1

PRL 94, 138701 (2005)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending 8 APRIL 2005

Synchronization in Complex Networks with Age Ordering

D.-U. Hwang,¹ M. Chavez,^{1,2} A. Amann,^{1,3} and S. Boccaletti¹

PRL 104, 118701 (2010)

Functional Modularity of Background Activities in Normal and Epileptic Brain Networks

M. Chavez,1 M. Valencia,1 V. Navarro,2 V. Latora,3,4 and J. Martinerie1

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COMPLEX NETWORKS: NEW TRENDS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF BRAIN CONNECTIVITY

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CHAOS 19, 023119 (2009)

Complex modular structure of large-scale brain networks

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